

THEATERS—

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
Bargain Matinee Today
Tonight, Last Performance—HOYT'S Big Musical Farce—A Big Hit—
"A STRANGER IN NEW YORK," sical, farcical entertainment in the country. Under the personal direction of HOYT and McKEE. Seats now on sale. Regular prices tonight—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.50. Tel. M. 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE—
An Event! Commencing Tuesday, May 3—
First appearance here.
MARIE JANSEN IN THE Comedy Hit, THE NANCY HANKS
(Direct from Columbia Theater, San Francisco.) MUSIC AND MIRTH.
"A distinct success."—San Francisco Examiner. "Hilariously funny."—San Francisco Chronicle. "A clever actress."—San Francisco Call.
Seats on sale today at 9 a.m. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

OPHEUM—
Matinee Today—Any seat 25c. Children 10c. Gallery 10c.
Tonight—Coolest House in Town—Positively One Week Only.
ANOTHER STAR VAUDEVILLE COMPANY. Watson, Hutchings and Edwards, presenting an original comedy sketch, "The Dramatic Agent." The Glissandos, clever grotesque musical clowns. Salvini, Mr. Chas. T. Ellis & Co., the famous star of "Casper the Yodler." Mlle. Barthe, Five Whirlwinds, the Arabian Wonders, John W. West. Prices Never Changing—Evening, reserved seats, 25c and 50c. Gallery 10c. Regular Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Tel. Main 1447.
War bulletins will be read from the stage.
Seats now on sale for HYDE'S COMEDIANS.

BURBANK THEATRE—
Coolest resort in the city.
The Belasco-Thall Stock Company.
Presenting the beautiful Chinese Play
"The First Born."
Preceded by "IN IDAHO," a charming Comedy-Drama.
Between acts war bulletins will be read from the stage.
Next Monday night, "Charley's Aunt."
Evening prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. MATINEE TODAY—10c, 25c.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.
WILSHIRE OSTRICH FARM—Twelfth and Grand Ave.
Formerly Fiesta Park.
FIVE MINUTES FROM CITY HALL AND PRINCIPAL HOTELS
Ostrich Plumes, Collarettes and Boas
Manufactured before your eyes by experts
And sold at first cost.

GRAND CONCERT SUNDAY, MAY 1—
At Terminal Island By-the-Sea.
TAKE TERMINAL RAILWAY TRAINS, leaving Pasadena 8:45 a.m. and 1:45 p.m. Los Angeles 9:45 a.m. and 1:45 p.m.
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SAME DATE.
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See agents Los Angeles Terminal Railway for particular information.
Take Morning Train.

AGRICULTURAL PARK—
AGRICULTURAL PARK CLUB.
E. C. DECAMPI, Manager.
... HARES AND HOUNDS ...
Continuous coursing Sunday, May 1, commencing at 10:30 a.m. (rain or shine).
THIRTY-DOG SNAKE—\$100 PURSE.
Admission 25 cents. Ladies free, including grand stand. Music by the Seventh Regiment Band. Take main-street cars.

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—THE LARGEST IN AMERICA.
... Nearly One Hundred Gigantic Birds ...
Seven acres of beautiful, shady grounds. Nests, chicks, yearlings and old birds in their breeding corals. Boas, Capes, Tips and Plumes—appropriate presents from California. Take Pasadena Electric or Terminal Railway. Fare 10c.

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ALL BEACHES
BEST REACHED BY THE COMPREHENSIVE SERVICE OF THE
SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

Train leaving Los Angeles 9:00 a.m. makes direct connection on steamer pier at San Pedro for Catalina, avoiding annoying wait on steamer.
Round trip in a Day—Every Sunday.
MAY 1—Grand Free Concert and Dance at Pavilion—Schoneman-Blanchard Orchestra. Southern Pacific lands you at door.
SUNDAY SERVICE—To San Pedro—9:00 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 5:03 p.m., 7:55 p.m.
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General Office, 229 South Spring Street.

CALIFORNIA LIMITED—
Via Santa Fe Route.
Leaves Los Angeles..... 8:00 a.m. Tuesday and Friday
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Arrive Kansas City..... 6:00 p.m. Thursday and Sunday.
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This great train with its famous dining-car service is run for passengers with first-class tickets only, but no charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate is made. Dining-car service breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibule and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.

EXCURSIONS MT. LOWE RAILWAY—
\$2.50 From Los Angeles to all points on Mount Lowe Railway and return. Saturday and Sunday, April 30 and May 1. Enjoy the grandest trip on earth. To make the trip complete remain over night at Echo Mountain House, rates \$2.50 and up per day. Evening entertainment, World's Fair Street Light, Large Telescope, Magnificent Sunset and Sunrise. Tickets and full information, office 214 S. Spring St. Telephone Main 960.

EUROPEAN TRAVEL—
For Atlantic Sailing, Rates and Routes for Inland Travel see the Excursionist. Send for copy, also Programme of European Tours, free.
THOS. COOK & SON, 621 Market Street, San Francisco.
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TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—
1800 BOXES—
Fancy Fine-flavored Strawberries,
Carefully selected for our Saturday trade. We carry the best varieties and largest stock to select from. We are ALWAYS HEADQUARTERS. No strawberries sold that are not irrigated with pure water. Open all night.
Free delivery. Tel. Main 986.
Althouse Fruit Co., 213-215 W. Second.

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GOLD REFINERS AND ASSAYERS—Largest establishment in Southern California and 25 years' experience. Metallurgical tests of all kinds made and mines experted. United States mint price paid for gold and silver in any form. Smith & Irving, 128 N. Main. Office room 6, Tel. Brown 313.

STRAWBERRIES—2 boxes 25c—
Finest in the City.
FINE LINE OF EARLY VEGETABLES. RIVERS BROS. Temple and Broadway.
Tel. M. 1493.

Redondo Carnations—
AND CHOICE ROSES—CUT FLOWERS AND
Floral Designs. Flowers are packed for shipping.
R. F. COLLINS, Tel. 114, 308 S. Spring St.

WAR RUMORS.

Canards More Numerous Than Real News.

Bombardment of Cardenas Did not Occur at All.

Unfounded Report of Treachery Aboard the Puritan.

SAILING OF SPANISH FLEET.
The Armada Has at Last Left Cape Verde Islands.

One Section Sailed North and the Other Went West.

Exact Destination of the Fleet is Only Conjecture.

BOMBARDMENT OF MATANZAS.
Official Information is Still Lacking in Detail—Rush of Troops to Tampa Continues—Army and Navy Officials Kept Busy.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] This was a day of alarming rumors, running all the way to the blowing up of a big monitor to the detection and punishment of traitors, but fortunately all of them turned out, on inquiry, to be without foundation. Actual events of importance were few in number.

IMPORTANT NEWS.
The news of the day of most importance was the departure from Cape Verde of the Spanish fleet, the stay of which at St. Vincent had been a source of anxiety on the part of officials here, because it seemed to indicate that the sympathy of Portugal for Spain might lead her to wink at a violation of neutrality laws in favor of Spain. Late in the afternoon a cablegram came to the State Department from Cape Verde, bearing no signature, announcing that four battleships and three torpedo boats had started north, and some of the transports for Cuba. Because there was no signature attached the officials did not know what importance to attach to this message, as these are not times to accept what appears to be information without close scrutiny.

FIRING AT MATANZAS.
Capt. Sampson sent a telegram relative to the firing at the Matanzas forts, but it was disappointingly lacking in details, though the few words contained in the dispatch went to confirm the official view that the affair was nothing more than a naval reconnaissance.

NO NEWS FROM DEWEY.
No news came today from Admiral Dewey's squadron, now on its way to the Philippines to do battle with the Spanish fleet.

SUPPLIES FOR CUBANS.
The announcement that the State of Texas, laden with supplies for the reconcentrados, is destined for Sagua, has led to the surmise that it is probable this port instead of Matanzas has been selected for the landing place for the first attack of the United States troops.

HARMLESS GROWLS.
Regarding the harmless growls that appear in the European papers and threats to interfere to prevent the United States forces from blockading the Philippines, it may be stated that was fully expected. During the civil war there were a great many attempts on the part of European nations to disregard our blockade, and threats of interference, all of which came to naught from the firm attitude assumed by the Secretary of State. In this case the conditions of the Cuban blockade are much more liberal toward the powers than ever imposed before.

PORTUGAL'S ACTION.
Viscount de Santa Thyrso, the Portuguese Minister, stated today that the neutrality decree issued by Portugal would not permit belligerents to make long stays at Portuguese ports. Under the usual rules of international law, this sojourn is likely to be confined to a day or two.

The Portuguese Minister drew attention to the privileges permitted under the decree when warships of both belligerent nations were at the same port simultaneously. In that case, if the warships of one power leaves port, the warship of the other power cannot leave in pursuit within twenty-four hours, that much time being allowed the ship first departing to proceed on her way without molestation.

HAYT'S NEUTRALITY.
The republic of Hayti is expected to maintain strict neutrality as between the United States and Spain, and it is understood that the reports of exceptional privileges given to the United States warships in Haytian waters are erroneous.

The Haytian Minister, Mr. le Gare, said today that he had received no official construction, concerning neutrality, but he had no doubt an attitude of impartial neutrality will be maintained.

THE VOLUNTEER TROOPS.
THEY WILL SPEND THE SUMMER IN HARD DRILLING.
Only Regulars are to Invade Cuba
The President's Announcement About the Major-Generals—Minister Woodford to Be One of Them.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
WASHINGTON, April 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The volunteer army will be in camp probably all summer drilling and getting seasoned for the serious work that may be cut out for it along in September. Whatever work is to be done in Cuba will be assigned to the corps of regulars now concentrating at Tampa, Fla. If this corps is not enough to drive the Spaniards off the island, then the volunteers will reinforce them.

The army orders made public today indicate the President's intention of depending entirely upon the regulars for opening the way into the island. The volunteers are to go into four big camps at New London, Ct.; Montauk, Washington, and Richmond. The camps, however, may not be established for two or three weeks yet. In the mean time drilling will go on in the State camps under the supervision of State officers.

As yet the State troops have not been mustered into the volunteer army. Details of officers for mustering and medical examination are being made. The work now requires considerable time. The President is placing his chief reliance upon the regular army officers to command the volunteers. Next week he will probably nominate Brig.-Gen. Shafter, Otis, Wade and Merriam of the regular army to the command of the volunteers. The only major-general of volunteers that appear to be decided upon now, aside from the regular army men mentioned, are Gen. Grenville M. Dodge of Iowa, Gen. Stewart H. Woodford, the Minister to Spain, and Gen. "Joe" Wheeler, the ex-Confederate cavalryman. There is nothing certain yet about Gen. Wheeler. Woodford, whose sobriquet here is "Mañana" (tomorrow) owing to his procrastinating ways in the diplomatic business, will sail from Havre tomorrow. He received instructions last night to hurry home. That he is construed here to mean that he will be given a command in the volunteers. A living picture of the days "before" the war appeared on the floor of the House of Representatives this afternoon. The figure was arrayed in a black broadcloth dress suit such as ordinarily men wear at an after dinner, such as the men of the "400's" wear during daylight hours. The peculiarly-arranged gentleman was ex-Speaker J. Warren Keifer of Springfield, who is frequently called "general." His appearance recalled the fact that he is said to be a general in this war. He is said to have strong army influences that are at work for his appointment. He is said to be slated for a brigadier-general's commission.

The Pacific Coast people are experiencing a fright such as the New England Yankees had early in the week. They have heard an almost endless number of reports to the effect that the Spanish squadron that sailed out of Manila is not going after Dewey's fleet at all, but is really purposing a descent upon the Pacific Coast cities. At present there are a large number of sailing vessels on the Pacific that are circumnavigating the globe. They carried goods from England to Australia, took on coal for the Pacific ports, and from there they are carrying wheat. Many of the coal cargoes are still on the ocean. The Navy Department officers smile at this suggestion. That Asiatic squadron of Spain they consider fortunate to be able to keep the sea at all, much less going out to raid American commerce.

Representative Burton today introduced a bill to restore W. E. Wirt to the navy as a junior lieutenant. He was discharged under the act of 1882, which is intended to prevent an overcrowding of officers in the navy.

OUR DANGER.

There May Be War on the Pacific Coast.

Our Unprotected Ports Invite Attack by the Enemy.

Splendid Chance for Privateers or Spanish Warships.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There may yet be war upon the Pacific Coast. California has forwarded a protest to her Senators, which tomorrow will be laid before the War Department, objecting to the alleged defenseless condition of the ports, and asking that a cruiser or auxiliary cruiser be sent to patrol the coast from Santa Barbara to San Diego.

The people there fear that either privateers or auxiliary cruisers are being fitted out in Chile or other South American ports to be sent north to prey on coasts and commerce. The Charleston will probably be ordered south on the completion of her repairs next week.

COAST DEFENSE.
[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
WASHINGTON, April 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The board of strategy today devoted some time to the consideration of west coast matters. Admiral Sigsbee went over the list of auxiliary cruisers which are available for arming for coast defense, and pending reports upon the present condition, was able only to make a general plan for Admiral Miller's fleet.

The Charleston will go into commission next week. The Philadelphia will be ready for service in a short time. This will give latitude to patrolling the vicinity of San Francisco, and with the Monterey inside the harbor, ready for service, will insure absolute safety to the central portion of the coast.

Senators Perkins and White will visit the Navy Department tomorrow and make an argument to Secretary Long with a view of securing a patrol of Southern California. The plan is to have a cruiser or converted vessel capable of beating off any light Spanish vessels, assigned to service from Santa Barbara Channel to San Diego, with the view of preventing the shelling of any coast point, or landing at Santa Monica or San Pedro and capturing a supply of fuel. In the opinion

of the Senators, a cruiser converted from a liner, fitted with six-pounders and quick-firing guns, would be sufficient to maintain a coast guard against any Spanish vessel likely to attack the west coast or its commerce.

The Senators will proffer the service of the Naval Reserve of the State to man any vessels detailed for coast patrol, which service it is understood would be performed by revenue cutters and the coast survey vessel Albatross, pending the enlargement of the fleet by the purchase of larger ships.

No assignment of officers has yet been made to the Pacific fleet of new vessels. ON GUARD CONSTANTLY.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—The permission to visit the city, which has heretofore been freely granted soldiers at the Presidio, has been withdrawn by order of Col. Miller, except in certain emergencies, and no one will be allowed to leave the camp except for a few hours at a time. In this manner the command will be maintained at its highest efficiency and at its full strength.

In addition to this precaution, to insure the manning of the guns in the improbable event of a Spanish attack, the officers will take up themselves to remain constantly at their posts. OFFICERS TO BE RETAINED.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Gov. Budd has issued an order directing that all existing regimental and company officers be retained in these positions, providing they are physically sound and otherwise qualified. Gov. Budd also directs captains to obtain the signatures of volunteers pending the arrival of the proper papers from Washington, now en route.

ARIZONA TROOPS.
A Detachment of "Teddy's Terrorists" Mustered In.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
PHOENIX, April 29.—Forty-six stalwart young men who have passed a rigid physical examination, departed at 9:30 tonight for Whipple Barracks, at Prescott to be mustered into the regiment of cavalry that will have as its colonel Dr. Wood, and as its lieutenant, colonel Theodore Roosevelt.

Five thousand citizens, two bands of music, the National Guard and veterans associations did honor to the occasion. As the train pulled out of the depot the immense throng gave cheer after cheer.

Arizona's quota of two troops of cavalry was in turn subdivided among the various counties. Maricopa's quota was thirty-eight. The choice of forty-six was made out of as many volunteers. The majority are young men, many of whom have grown to manhood in the community.

The streets were brilliantly illuminated, and a salvo of bombs was fired during the afternoon. The volunteers were reviewed by Gov. McCord, who gave them a patriotic, manly talk, assuring them that they had always a friend in the Governor of Arizona.

J. H. McClintock, a newspaper man of Arizona, will be captain of the company from Southern Arizona; J. L. B. Alexander, a prominent attorney, lieutenant; and George B. Wilcox of Bisbee, first sergeant.

OHIO GUARDS LEAVE.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
TOLEDO (O.) April 29.—The Sixteenth Regiment, Ohio National Guard, left for Columbus today. All business was suspended. The streets along the line of march were densely packed with people and the demonstration was the largest Toledo ever saw.

DEWEY'S TASK.

Battle at the Philippines Imminent.

American Squadron Arrives at the Bay of Bonila.

Spanish Fleet Waiting for the Attack at Manila.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
NEW YORK, April 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A correspondent at Singapore cables that it was expected there that the United States squadron would meet the Spanish fleet today off the Philippines. Native officers are with our flagship to give important information to Commodore Dewey.

SQUADRON ARRIVED.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
HONGKONG, April 29.—Reports from Manila say the American squadron was sighted off Bonila, on the north of Manila, but the weather was too stormy for the fleet to communicate with the insurgents.

MANILA IMPREGNABLE.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
MADRID, April 29.—The Vox Española of Manila describes the port of Manila as impregnable. It says six other principal ports in the Philippines bristle with guns, chiefly Krups.

A BATTLE EXPECTED.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
LONDON, April 29.—The Daily Mail hears from Singapore that a naval battle is momentarily expected at Manila Bay.

SPANISH FLEET AT MANILA.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
HONGKONG, April 30.—It is denied that the Spanish fleet has left Manila to meet the American squadron. On the contrary, it is asserted that the Spanish warships will remain at Manila Bay to assist the forts. It is reported from Manila that the American warships have been sighted, but the weather has been too stormy for the fleet to communicate with the rebels. The insurgent chief Aguinaldo is coming to Hongkong from Singapore. It is alleged that he absconded with a half million dollars paid by the Spanish government for the insurgent leaders. All Manila telegrams are censored, and mail communication with Hongkong has been suspended.

WAR NEWS SCARCE.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
LONDON, April 30.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Hongkong dated Friday says: "War news is scarce. Nothing has been heard of the American fleet for Manila. Commodore Dewey considers that his duty will be done when the Spanish fleet is captured and safety has been secured for American trading vessels. Eleven of these vessels are overdue and the Americans feel exceedingly anxious."

"The formation of the provisional government at Manila will be announced at the discretion of United States Consul Williams."

"It is believed that there are not many Spanish troops at Manila. They have gone into the interior. The American fleet carried in all 2000 officers and men. The Concord is expected here for dispatches on Wednesday."

"A few weeks ago, before the Hongkong Supreme Court, Attachio, the Minister of the Interior in the provisional government, applied for an injunction to restrain Aguinaldo (insurgent leader) from departing with \$100,000 that had been remitted here by the Spanish government for distribution among the leaders of the late insurrection. Other members of the council purpose issuing a disclaimer against Attachio's action, and expressing confidence in Aguinaldo. He and his colleagues have devised a plan of going to Manila in their own vessels, and have a large supply of ammunition and arms."

A PLAN OF DESCENT.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
LONDON, April 30.—The Hongkong correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief, and his colleagues, are elaborating a plan to make a descent in force near Manila. They have secured a vessel for the purpose, and have been plentifully supplied with arms and ammunition from the American squadron."

AN INSURGENT LEADER.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
LONDON, April 30.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Singapore says: "Commodore Dewey was accompanied by José Alexandrino, a prominent officer under Aguinaldo. Alexandrino has a magical influence in the Philippines, and will head the popular movement to throw off Spanish rule. A naval battle is expected to occur today (Fri-

POINTS OF THE NEWS IN TODAY'S TIMES.

[THE BUDGET—This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times dispatches, and a full commercial report; together making 15,600 words or about 15 columns. In addition is a day report, not so fresh, of about 10,500 words—the whole making a mass of wired news aggregating the large volume of 25 columns. A large proportion of it relates to the existing war. A summary follows:]

The City—Pages 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 14.
The National Guard does not want to stay at home.... A street contractor files a petition in insolvency.... An ex-fireman gets six months for assault with a deadly weapon.... Justice Owens acquits a brace
Street improvement bids approved by the Board of Public Works.... Heavy damages demanded by the Pullman Palace Car Company by a passenger.... Construction of the Valley road is being pushed.... Wordy battle between attorneys in the Police Court.... Oil men must observe the ordinances.... New trial granted in a damage suit.... Grocers sued for delivering gasoline on a coal oil order.... Disappearance of W. C. Harris.... Woman dies of injuries received in a brawl.... Programme of intercollegiate sports.

Southern California—Page 13.
Scrambling for military positions denied at Santa Ana.... The privateer scare still on tap.... Political interests clashing at San Diego.... Coronado guests at the Indian school.... Library and park presented by A. K. Smiley to the city of Redlands.... Sad accident on Oxnard.... Santa Barbara sharpshooters organize.... Patriotism in Pasadena—Monthly school report—Medical Society meeting.

Financial and Commercial—Page 11.
Bulls control the New York stock market.... Bears have possession of the grain pits.... Dupin's and Bradstreet's weekly trade and financial reviews.... London stock markets.... Miscellaneous market reports and general business topics.

Pacific Coast—Page 8.
John B. Holeston's son killed at the Michigan Bluff mine.... Sealer Doris spoken off Victoria.... Foul play suspected in the Santa Cruz explosion.... Death of Mrs. Mary Blake in Oakland.... Native Sons elect and install officers at Nevada

Progress of the War—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5, 8.
A day of rumors rather than action.... Spanish fleet leaves St. Vincent in two sections, one sailing northward, the other west.... Admiral Dewey's squadron arrives at the Philippines, where a battle is hourly expected to take place.... Blockade fleet in Cuban waters quiet.... Alleged bombardment of Cardenas did not occur.... Alleged story about a plot to blow up the Puritan denied.... Red Cross ship Texas with supplies for the reconcentrados arrives at Key West.... Troops still being rushed forward to Tampa.... Councils of war at Washington.... Major-generalishins discussed.... Volunteer troops to spend the summer in drilling.... Pacific Coast defenses to be looked after.... War Revenue Bill passes the House.... Blanco's report on the shelling of Matanzas forts.... Gen. Weyler wants to take aggressive action against the United States.... Refugees from Cuba arrive in Jamaica.... Another small Spanish prize captured.... City of Paris reaches Fire Island.... Movements of warships and troops.... Transport Panther reaches Key West.... Portugal declares her neutrality.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5.
Judge Heacock thrown from a coach into the Rio Grande and seriously hurt. Masked men stop a train in Texas, blow open the express car and loot it. Old couple asphyxiated at Chicago.... Double guards ordered everywhere that powder is made or stored at St. Louis.... Editor Samuel Nichols dies at Buffalo.... New Athens brewery plant burns.... Bank President Lewis Warner wanted for alleged embezzlement. Important railroad deal consummated involving \$2,000,000.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Eugene Higgins and his big steam yacht reach an Austrian port.... Mr. Gladstone resting easier, but general conditions are less favorable.

NEWS SINCE MIDNIGHT.

[Under this heading are printed the very latest exclusive dispatches, being the cream of the war news in the New York morning newspapers of today, which is wired from that city about 5 a.m., reaching The Los Angeles Times about 2 a.m.]

BIG GUNS WILL BOOM

WHEN THESE FORMIDABLE NAVAL FORCES MEET.

Flying Squadron and Sampson's Fleet to Unite in Attack on the Spanish Armada When It Gets Across the Water.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK, April 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Herald special from Washington says: "Immediately following the receipt of official information of the departure of the Spanish fleet from St. Vincent, sailing orders were issued to the flying squadron, under command of Commodore Schley. The greatest secrecy is observed as to the destination of the flying squadron, but it is generally conceded that the probabilities point to an immediate junction of armored vessels under Schley and Sampson, and placing this formidable force at a central position, where they can promptly resist any attack made by the Spanish fleet, either upon the American coast or upon the blockading squadron surrounding Cuba. The American liner steamer St. Paul will probably be ready for sea tomorrow. The St. Louis will be sent at once on scouting duty."

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK, April 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A special to the Herald from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, says: "Although the Spanish fleet is divided, and the powerful boats have sailed west, and the other vessels sailed in a northerly direction toward the Canaries, I have it from a person in authority that all the vessels will ultimately go to the Canaries, where they will be joined by the battleship Pelayo and the other warships now cruising in the Mediterranean."

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ARMY LEADERS CONFER.

VARIOUS COUNCILS OF WAR HELD AT WASHINGTON.

Cuban Representatives Again Confer With Gen. Miles—Gen. Shafter Starts for New Orleans—Rush of Regular Troops to Tampa.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, April 29.—Gen. Miles and his subordinates were in conference at various times during the day respecting military operations, that are to be undertaken in the occupation of Cuba. They all maintain the strictest reticence concerning the results of these deliberations.

Gen. Shafter, who commands the troops at New Orleans, left tonight for Tampa, accompanied by his adjutant, Col. Babcock.

The Cuban representatives in Washington were at Gen. Miles' headquarters today, and were consulted in regard to various steps which would arise in connection with cooperation of the United States troops with the insurgent forces in Cuba.

The War Department, it is expected, will endeavor to secure additional ships for transport, but it is said that none were acquired today. The capacity of those obtained yesterday is not adequate to the number of men which it is reported are to embark on the expedition to one of the Cuban ports, and which it is believed will be sent in a very short time. The commissary department has depots of supplies at New Orleans, Mobile and Chickamauga adequate, it is said, for the immediate use of the service.

RUSHING TO TAMPA. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK (Ga.), April 29.—This has been a hustling day among the artillerymen at Chickamauga Park. In pursuance of orders issued yesterday, the light batteries in camp were ordered at once to Tampa, and the entire day has been taken up in getting the men, horses and guns aboard the cars.

Trains bearing these men and their equipments have been given the right-of-way, and it is expected they will arrive at Tampa early tomorrow morning. The Twenty-fourth Infantry is under orders to move and will break camp this morning. The Ninth Cavalry received peremptory orders to-night to move at once, and the men are packing up tonight. It is stated that they will march to this city, and take the train here tomorrow morning.

It was learned tonight that orders would be issued tomorrow for the removal to Tampa of the Twenty-fifth Infantry and the Tenth Cavalry, and a semi-official rumor is current tonight that the Second Cavalry will also move to Tampa. The impression among army men is that the first army corps sent into Cuba will be for the purpose of cooperation with the insurgent forces. Other regiments have not received orders to leave. Lieut. D. E. Lacey, Jr., who went with the First, was married at the St. Charles Hotel today. The bride is Miss Lacey, of Detroit, who came here with her parents, combining the marriage with the farewell.

A STIRRING SCENE. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] MOBILE (Ala.), April 29.—The Tenth and Twenty-second regiments left camp here late this afternoon, bound for Tampa. They were all day getting out of camp, beginning after drill at 10 o'clock. When at noon the Twenty-second, the famous "Red" Regiment, came marching down to the depot, a large crowd of citizens and several soldiers were gathered there, and the members of the Tenth and Twenty-second were also on hand, ready for embarkation to Tampa.

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Old Town Tonight" there was such a yell of enthusiasm as had never before been heard here. Everybody joined in, and flags were waved while the soldiers and people shouted. Cheers followed cheers, hats flew in the air, and it was altogether a stirring scene. There was a long wait for the train to start, even after the baggage had been placed on board the cars, which took a couple of hours. Meantime the first good, soaking rain of the season set in, and the enthusiasm had to be postponed for a while, the soldiers taking refuge in the tents of the other regiments. The first train passed out at 7 p.m., the other following in short order.

TO TAMPA FROM NEW ORLEANS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW ORLEANS, April 29.—The First Regiment of Infantry arrived here two days ago and had hardly got tents in position when it was ordered to pull up stakes and proceed immediately to Florida, whence it will be sent to Cuba. Wild enthusiasm was shown when the First Regiment, fully equipped, marched across to the depot of the Louisville and Nashville to take the train for Tampa.

The brigade headquarters which were to be established here, were this morning, in general orders, removed to Tampa, Fla., to which place Gen. Shafter will go from Washington.

A general courtmartial has been appointed by Gen. Shafter to meet in New Orleans in May to try such prisoners as may be brought before it.

A detachment from Willett's Point, N. Y., reached here and reported to Maj. Quin. They took train today for Fort Jackson and St. Philip. The detachment comprises expert torpedo and mine layers, and will aid in perfecting the defenses below the city.

ORDERED INTO CAMP. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 29.—Brig.-Gen. McLeer has ordered the Thirtieth Regiment of National Guards to go into camp Monday, despite the fact that the regiment has decided not to volunteer.

RENDEZVOUS POINTS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, April 29.—Rendezvous points for State troops have been changed as follows: Montana, Helena to Fort Harrison; Idaho, Pendleton to Boise City; Indiana, Evansville to Indianapolis.

ORDERED FROM CHATTANOOGA. [BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK, April 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The entire artillery brigade, the Ninth Cavalry and the Twenty-fourth Infantry have been ordered to move south from Chattanooga at once, prepared to embark for Cuba.

ARRIVALS AT TAMPA. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 29.—A special to the Times-Union and Citizen from Tampa says: "Batteries K and F of the First Artillery arrived from Chickamauga today. Officers did not look for the embarkation of troops in the next few days, but they do incline to the belief that the troops from Chickamauga will be all here early next week, and on route to Matanzas by the latter part of the week."

Col. Emilio Nunez arrived here this morning, and was met at the depot by an immense crowd of Cubans. An officer from headquarters was at the depot with a carriage in waiting, and took Col. Nunez in charge and conveyed him to Tampa Bay Hotel, where he was soon closed in his quarters. It was learned he is in the city for the purpose of fitting out, with the aid of the government, an expedition of Cubans.

A large lot of small ammunition was received at Fort Tampa last night, collected from the military schools. The guns will be placed in the hands of Gomez's army. Plans will be sent to Cuban waters and the force will be landed by an escort from Sampson's fleet, a large body of trained soldiers will be carried from here also.

MAJ.-GEN. BROOKE TALKS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.), April 29.—Maj.-Gen. Brooke in an address to the Young Men's Business League here tonight called attention to the short-sighted policy of the government in not maintaining a larger standing army, stating that the army now halted at Chickamauga because of the insufficiency of numbers of soldiers. He said the delay in invading Cuba was due to the unpreparedness of the army, occasioned by the lack of necessary legislative provision.

"Let me venture a prophecy as to the result of the war," he said. "Many wives will become widows, mothers will lose sons, and sweethearts their lovers before this business is over."

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE ANGELO—Pinafoke Photographs. Every picture a Gem of Art. The finest and latest. THEY TALK. Be sure and see them before ordering elsewhere. Finest Gallery on the Coast. 253 BROADWAY, BYRNE BUILDING.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS, \$40—Chicago, \$47.50. Boston and New York \$55.00. Regular tourist excursion tickets. Tourist sleeper every day. Tel. M. 802. DE CAMP & LEHMAN, 213 S. Spring Street.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, F. Edward Gray, Proprietor. Tel. Red 1072. Choice Cut Flowers, Decorative and House Plants, Floral Design. CHICKERING GRAND PIANO—1 year old! Special bargain for musician. BLANCHARD PIANO COMPANY, 113 S. Spring St.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES

GRANDEST WINTER RESORT

On the Pacific Slope. BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA The Arlington Hotel. The month of April contains all sunshine and flowers in Santa Barbara. It will take longer to view the many sights and attractions of Santa Barbara than any spot in California. Ocean bathing every day. E. P. DUNN.

MAGIC ISLAND, SANTA CATALINA

Fishing season now open. Hotel Metropole never closes. Island Villa open July 1. America's greatest field for health and pleasure. Wild Goat shooting. The phenomenal stage ride, etc. Round trip daily. Sunday excursions allow passengers three hours on the island. See railroad time tables. Full information and illustrated pamphlets from BANNING CO. 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

ELSINORE THE LAKE VIEW HOTEL, delightfully situated, overlooking Lake Elsinore. Finest Hot Sulphur Water and Mud Baths. Sure cure for RHEUMATISM. Hotel fireless. Address E. S. TRAPHAGEN, Mng.

HOTEL REDONDO—Always Open—Broad, cool verandas—Splendid fishing, sailing and bathing. Special rates for families by week or month. Address H. R. WARNER, Proprietor, or call on A. F. Borden, City Agent, 214 S. Spring Street. Phone 960.

OPEN UNTIL MAY—HOTEL LA PINTORESCA Pasadena, Cal. Cuisine and service unsurpassed. Capital Golf Links. M. C. WENTWORTH, Manager, Proprietor Wentworth Hall and Cottages, Jackson, White Mountain, N. H.

HOTEL DEL MONTE—QUEEN OF WATERING PLACES. On the 14th of the present month and until further notice, Hotel del Monte will be conducted on both the American and European plans. GEORGE SCHONEWALD, Manager.

HOTEL VINCENT—609 to 619, entrance 615 South Broadway. Summer rates begin May 1, lowest daily or monthly rates. American or European plan, fine Café attached. Telephone Main 1289. E. W. JONES, Proprietor.

GO TO STURTEVANT'S CAMP via new toll road from Sierra Madre to the West Fork of the San Gabriel. Toll 25c. For burros, all sizes. W. M. STURTEVANT, Sierra Madre.

THE WILLIS—A modern apartment house, 354 1/2 W. Third St., between Broadway and Hill streets, newly furnished in new style to the public, elegant apartments, cars to all points. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

HOTEL LINCOLN—Second and Hill. Family Hotel. Appointments Perfect, Electric cars to all points. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.



CAPTAIN WATKINS OF THE CITY OF PARIS.

PARIS REACHES NEW YORK.

She Will be Reconstructed at Once and Despatched.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK, April 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The City of Paris, which arrived off Fire Island at 2:45 o'clock this morning, will not come up to the city until morning, on account of the channel lights being all extinguished.

In anticipation of the arrival of the Paris, the Navy Department today sent orders to the commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard to begin the work of converting the American liner into an auxiliary cruiser as soon as she reached the yard.

The commandant was told to put six-pounders on the Paris at once, and to utilize the whole working force of the yard and ship to make her ready for sea. She will not be detained long enough to get her main battery, but will be dispatched on scout duty when the work of conversion has been completed. When the Paris reaches Brooklyn today she will become the U.S.S. Yale.

NO FLEET SIGHTED. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 29.—The published statement that the steamship Havell had sighted a Spanish fleet off the Azores on her voyage to New York, which ended yesterday, is positively denied at the office of the North German Lloyd Company, which owns the vessel. It was also added that the Havell's course was nowhere near the Azores.

SPANIARDS GETTING READY. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] ST. JOHNS (N. B.), April 29.—The British steamer Wansbeck, just arrived here from Cadiz, saw nothing of any warships on the voyage. When she left Cadiz, the Spaniards were most actively preparing for war, declaring they would suffer anything to crush America.

COMPANIA AT QUEENSTOWN. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] QUEENSTOWN, April 29.—The Cunard line steamer Campania, which left New York on April 23 for Liverpool via this port, arrived here today at 7 o'clock. Capt. Walker reports that he did not sight the American line steamer Paris.

THE PARIS SIGHTED. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 30, 2:45 a.m.—The American liner Paris has just been sighted off Fire Island.

STILL LYING IN WAIT. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] BUENOS AYRES, April 29.—The Spanish torpedo cruiser Tormador is still in this vicinity in front of a small bay.

JUDGE HEACOCK HURT. THROWN FROM A COACH INTO THE RIO GRANDE RIVER.

In all the great Hotels, the le
Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's C
Baking Powder holds its supre
40 Years the Standard.

Silverwood
124 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Are You Going to War?

City Agents—Natick House Drug Store;
A. W. Ellington, Cor. 4th and Spring Sts.;
Wolf & Chilson, Cor. 2d and Broadway.
Agents Wanted in Every Town.

EAGER FOR ACTION.

SEVENTH REGIMENT ANXIOUS FOR A CALL TO ARMS.

Ready to Obey Any Orders, but not Desirous of Home Guard Duty.

OPINIONS OF THE OFFICERS.

ARTILLERY, NOT INFANTRY, REQUIRED TO GUARD THE COAST.

Volunteers Reluctant to Discuss the Matter, but Evidently Eager to Get into the Fight Somewhere.

Among the officers of the National Guard in this city the suggestion that they are more needed at home than in the field, either in Cuba or along the Gulf coast or Atlantic seaboard, and that even if they were mustered into the service of the government as volunteers they should be kept in this State to repel possible attempt at invasion, has not been received with any enthusiasm. In fact, the proposition is a most unpopular one among them, for they have for weeks been anxiously awaiting orders which would take them to the scenes of almost certain fighting, and now if they are to be kept in California they think that they are being kept only of the dull routine of camp life without the possibility of engaging in any actual conflict. From the commander of the brigade to the most humble second lieutenant, the sentiment is against staying at home while the eastern troops are fighting, and though their service here means protection to this coast. They consider the possibility of an attack upon California points so remote as to be hardly worth considering, and argue that even if there should be such an attack, the National Guard in event of their departure, would be able to do as successfully repel attacks as National Guardsmen. The National Guard simply wants to go to the front, and the officers care little how or when they go, but they look upon this war as a possible means of achieving military fame and glory, and they want an opportunity to try for it.

Brig-Gen. Last was asked his opinion of the matter yesterday and declined to discuss the subject, saying he was ready to respond to any order that might be received, whether it were to remain at home and defend the city or to take his command to Cuba. When asked whether he thought the California troops were not more needed at home than elsewhere, he said: "I see nothing in the present situation which should cause any alarm among the people of this section of the State. It is true there might be an attack upon some of our seacoast towns, but in the case of this city it would be folly for any vessel to land a number of men and march inland. Whether the National Guard were here or not, they would not escape, nor would they be able to reduce this city. I really understand that there is some danger of privateers or of a stray cruiser, and that we need now is artillery in this state. Of what use would a whole division of infantry be against a vessel which could lie three miles out and shell a town? Again, how many men would be required to protect the seacoast towns? A brigade might be stationed here, and word come that a Spanish cruiser had appeared off the coast. Before we could reach that town the enemy could have done all the damage possible, for it requires but a short time to fire the guns now carried on war vessels.

"It has been stated that if the National Guard were taken out of the State there would be no arms with which a second military organization could be equipped. This is not true. There are at this moment 30,000 stands of arms in the government arsenal, which could be distributed with great rapidity. They are not the antiquated muskets, either, but are Springfield rifles of the 1884 pattern. There would be plenty of guns, but Springfield rifles are not what are needed. As I said before, we need artillery, quick-firing guns, one of which is worth a company or a battalion of infantry.

The arms now in the possession of the National Guard are the property of the government, and if the guard went out of the State as volunteers there would be nothing to prevent their taking their arms with them. As to the uniforms, which are State property, I have no doubt as to the authority of the Governor to permit the troops to take them, too, but these are simply matters of detail, and as there are plenty of guns the uniforms are a secondary consideration. Ammunition can be had by the million rounds, if necessary. It would not be proper for me to discuss whether the National Guard should be taken out of the State, but I am satisfied that even if every man in the guard were sent East there would be no occasion for alarm, as a well-armed National Guard would take their places and would be able to render as much service as we could. It would be entirely different if we had to repel an army, but as all the danger, if any, is from the ocean, I think there is greater need for cannon than infantry. The desire to go to the front, whatever the reason may be, which I think you will find pervades the entire National Guard of this and all other States, is a natural, and shows the spirit of the men. You can say that the First Brigade is here to obey orders, and if those orders are to stay at home and defend this coast, we will execute those orders. If they are ordered to the front there will be no shirking from one of the members."

Col. John R. Berry, commanding the Seventh Infantry, N.G.C., was present when Gen. Last expressed his views on the subject of what disposition should be made of the troops of this State. When he was asked for an opinion he said: "I can only echo the sentiments of the general, for I, too, have long thought there should be artillery in the State organization. There is not a single State on the Atlantic Coast which does not support batteries and even regiments of artillery, and that California has never had such organizations is now a matter of surprise. We need guns, not rifles or carbines, but artillery. As Gen. Last has said, the infantry—and I can only speak for that branch of the service—would be of little service against a man-of-war however small. It is true that a regiment or a battalion could repel a landing force, but even by keeping the entire guard at home, could we protect all the towns? I know you will find that the members of the guard in this city want to go to the front. They do not care where that is. They say they are ready to go anywhere their orders designate, and I know they are. There is no division among them on this point. What we want is action. Of course if we are ordered to stay at home we will stay and do our duty, but if it were left to the members of the companies to declare by vote where they wanted to go,

I have no doubt as to how the vote would stand."

Lieut.-Col. W. G. Schreiber of the Seventh Infantry also wants active service. "We need coast protection here," he said, "but what could we do more than any body of men armed as we are? We have no artillery, and what would old Springfield rifles count against even the smallest gun carried by a war vessel or an improvised war vessel? I can see that it would be folly to take away the National Guard and then have the government send troops from other States to protect this coast, but could not a secondary National Guard be organized? We could. All we could oppose would be landing parties, and all we have to oppose them with are the rifles and the Gatling guns. It is admitted that the National Guard would have the first chance to enter the active service of the government, and if the guard is not taken away it will be the quickest he filled. Of course, it is not known how the troops from this State are to be used. It has never been stated that we would be sent to the front, but the National Guard which is now being made in the East, and who knows but that it is the plan of the government to follow the purpose of the National Guard against here protect the Coast? It was stated when the Presidio troops left their barracks that the National Guard would be used upon to furnish men to man the guns there in event their services were needed. Is it not possible that the government has never intended to take us out of the State?"

"In the matter of taking the uniforms from this State property, if the guard goes East, there might arise a question as to the legality of allowing the part of the equipment which the State owns to be taken. The arms belong to the government and the uniforms and other equipment to the State. Each company commander is under a bond of \$2000 for the return of all State property. If the State refused to let the uniforms go, the men could go without them. These, however, are not points which would keep the men at home."

"The course which I think will be pursued, and this is only a guess, is that we will be called out and placed in camp for thirty or sixty days for the purpose of mustering, drill and equipment. If our arms are needed at home the government would have to arm us, if there are arms enough here, we might take them. Another thing, the members of the National Guard cease to be such as soon as they enlist in the volunteer service. Another thing, the National Guard would be at once enlisted and as there would be no campaign against an invading force, the new guard would be quite as effective as the old."

Capt. Baker of Gen. Last's staff took the same view of the matter as did his superior. "What is the use of alarming the people when there is no occasion for alarm?" he asked. "There is no danger here except from stray soldiers. If the people would demand that the National Guard be sent to the front, they could possibly secure it, they would be protecting themselves better than if they were to remain at home. The National Guard would be at once enlisted and as there would be no campaign against an invading force, the new guard would be quite as effective as the old."

The company commanders of the Seventh Regiment have evidently received instructions not to discuss the war question outside of their own commands. Several of them assembled at the Armory last night with the other officers of the regiment to discuss their opinion as to what course should be pursued, they showed their military training by answering to a man and almost in the same language. "I am not in position to talk on that subject, I refer you to Col. Berry." Asked whether they desired to remain at home or go East, there was but one answer: that they would rather go East, where there was some chance of a participation in the expected stirring scenes which will be enacted on the Atlantic Coast.

Among the men in the ranks the same sentiment prevails. The patriotic crowds about the drill hall and each newcomer was questioned for news. One of the privates came in with the announcement that the regiment would have to stay at home to protect this part of the country. The announcement was greeted with jeers and one of the men remarked that if the guard did not go and some of the volunteer organizations did go East he was going with the latter.

Nearly all of the resident members of the brigade staff spent the evening at the Armory last night and until after 11 o'clock they were in consultation with Gen. Last. Only the officers of the command were admitted to this headquarters. When the officers dispersed, Gen. Last said that the meeting had been entirely informal and that there was nothing significant in it. He said that the officers assembled there every evening and talked over the war situation. They were simply awaiting orders, but not a word had been received from either the Adjutant-General or the Governor. He did not know when orders or instructions would be received, but in the meantime all of the officers were reporting regularly for any duty which might be assigned to them. So complete have been the preparations that if the orders were received at any time during the day or evening, the entire First Brigade could be in motion in two hours. If orders came after midnight, a longer time would of course be required to arouse the men.

Every company in the Seventh Regiment is recruited to a war footing, with ten or more men each to spare. The additional men are taken in because some of the recruits will be unable to pass the physical examination. That examination is now being conducted daily by Brigade Surgeon Col. J. J. Choe, assisted by Assistant Surgeons, Capt. W. M. Lewis and W. W. Roblee. The regimental surgeon, Maj. C. D. Ball, resides in Santa Ana, and therefore cannot assist in the work of the companies here. The examination is not easy to pass and only those recruits who are in good condition physically are accepted. Of course the same condition is not expected as that required of recruits in the regular army, but in the meantime all of the officers were reporting regularly for any duty which might be assigned to them. So complete have been the preparations that if the orders were received at any time during the day or evening, the entire First Brigade could be in motion in two hours. If orders came after midnight, a longer time would of course be required to arouse the men.

WHAT THE VOLUNTEERS THINK. The officers of volunteer organizations are reluctant to discuss the question publicly, because they do not wish to give offense to the National Guard. All of them are anxious to get to the front, of course, and while they recognize the justice of the claim of the National Guard to first consideration, and do not desire or expect to supplant them in the call for troops, they think the defense of California against probable invasion is not only an important service, but is the first duty of the organized State troops. None of the volunteers would be quoted, but the general opinion among them was said to be that as California

is likely to be the "front" as much as the eastern coast, the National Guard could have no reason to consider the duty of repelling hostile forces any less honorable than participation in the invasion of foreign territory, and if the State troops are needed here in the service of the State, the quota of California might justly be doubled, and the volunteers be permitted to share in the work.

One officer, an old guardsman himself, said he could not see any cause for all the tribulation in the National Guard. If accepted as United States volunteers, they probably would be left in California to garrison the forts and protect the coast towns, and would not be sent to Cuba, and they might just as well retain their status as National Guardsmen, and let the volunteers get in if they can.

HEAVY ARTILLERY.

Capt. Henry Steere, who was commissioned to enroll 200 men for a battery of heavy artillery, has nearly completed his work in that direction, and will soon begin instructing his men in their duties. Yesterday afternoon he had enrolled 216 men, the extra six being taken because it is certain that some of the men will be unable to pass the necessary physical examination. About 100 of the men will be enrolled in order to have a margin of safety. The next step will be to have these men enlisted in the volunteer service. They have not been given the oath, that being left to the officer who will conduct the final enlistment. The artillery, as at present organized, is a part of the First Brigade, N.G.C., and takes its orders from Gen. Last. The addresses of each of the men has been carefully recorded, and in event of a hurried call, they could be assembled in a short time. The lieutenants and non-commissioned officers have not been chosen as yet. The recruiting office will be open today.

The cavalry squadrons are drilling regularly. Two troops were put on parade Thursday night and passed out by the Times office. The volunteers cheered as they passed, and they were cheered by crowds all along the line of march.

Police Notes.

Katherine Burt, a colored woman, who was charged with having disturbed the peace of another colored woman, by singing some doggerel in which she cursed her with rhythmic grace, was discharged yesterday by Justice Owens.

Frank Wilder, the youth charged with having burglarized a grocery store on San Pedro street, and stolen a couple of sacks of flour, hams, bacon and other articles convenient for house-keeping, was held to answer by Justice Owens yesterday, bail being fixed at \$500.

Wingate Lindsay, charged with embezzlement, was yesterday discharged from custody, an arrangement having been made by which he paid \$12 down and might have to pay \$2 a week until the sum of \$35, which he is charged with making away, is liquidated.

John Mitchell, an old soldier from the States, has to remain in the County Jail for sixty days, and he thinks it hard lines. He thinks he ought to be allowed to go on a spree when he feels inclined, and without being interfered with by a lot of civilians who never "fit" for their country.

Jacob Woelke, the lad charged with stealing a watch, was yesterday discharged by Justice Owens upon his paying \$5, the costs of action.

John Traynor was fined \$50, with the alternative of fifty days, for disturbing the peace. On Saturday night he had a fight with several Mexicans on the Plaza, and when Officer Sawyer happened along, he made the attempt to do him up, but struck a snag. Myrtle Webster stood up before Justice Owen yesterday and was fined \$20 for running her tobacco stand on the street. The fine was paid, but it developed that a ten-day fender was still hanging over her head. But this was not allowed to come to judgment against her, being suspended during good behavior.

Star and Crescent.

The Star and Crescent Society of the Los Angeles High School held its regular meeting Friday. The programme was largely patriotic, and was received with much enthusiasm. A feature was the "Story of Cuba," a series of colored tableaux. An interesting and instructive talk upon "The Modern Art of Illustration," by Will E. Chaplin, The Times artist, also received hearty applause.

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WHAT MEN SAY WHO ARE MASTERS OF THE WHEEL

Some Valuable Hints to Bicyclists for the Coming Season.



KEN LEWIS.

The bicycle has made a revolution in the world.

It has produced a new race of men and women.

Bicycling is pleasant and agreeable, and for this very reason is often dangerous.

Why?

Because it brings a strain which you do not realize. In the pleasure and excitement of the action this strain is unnoticed.

Those who ride, both male and female, frequently feel pains in the muscles, the loins and across the back, a strange weariness, bearing down sensations and other depressions. Now these feelings are the result of overexertion. You may not notice them at first, but they are certain to wear you out unless checked.

There are many noted bicyclists who will probably visit this country the present season. Among this number is Mr. Kendrick Lewis, champion cyclist of Australasia, who is certainly a phenomenal rider. Like all

great cyclists, he knows the strains which training and constant work bring about, and in writing upon the subject recently, he said:

"Probably I have fought as many stubborn contests in cycling competition as most cyclists, and have achieved a large measure of success. I can truthfully state that some of my victories would have been turned into defeat had it not been for the use of Warner's Safe Cure while training."

"I can confidently recommend this great remedy to all cyclists, and I desire to bear testimony to the splendid hygienic aid Warner's Safe Cure is to all who use the wheel."

Mr. Lewis and other cyclists agree with athletes generally in regard to the great benefit of Warner's Safe Cure. Among the number is Mr. W. W. Broadhurst, Mayor of Goldsboro, N. C. He says: "I am an athlete, and of course in my exercises require the most exacting physical perfection. It is sometimes the case that after

severe exertion I have headaches or pains in the back resulting from a strain upon the system, and I have found that there is no remedy on earth so good as Warner's Safe Cure."

Many men and more women after returning from an energetic spin refresh themselves, and hence counteract the possible overexertion, by a drink of Warner's Safe Cure. It is palatable, and what is more important, prevents the possibility of any injury from the effects of bicycling, and the coming on of kidney or other dangerous diseases.

When the great athletes who are in constant training every hour of their lives find so much benefit in its use, do you think that you, reader, who perhaps overtax your strength unduly of this great remedy, which has been tentatively, may find health by the use so useful to those who have been under greater strain than have you?

It keeps you in good health.



EDDIE BALD.

MISSING MERCHANT.

Disappearance of W. C. Harris, the Brother-in-Law of Art Dealer.

Relatives and friends of W. C. Harris, proprietor of the art store, at No. 354 South Broadway, are anxiously looking for him. Mr. Harris, whose business affairs and domestic relations are all that any sane man could ask for, left his store on Thursday forenoon, went to the bank, made a deposit of cash on hand and returned to the store with his bank book, which he left on the book-keeper's desk. Then, without a word, he walked out of the store and not a trace of him has been found since.

"The police, aided by Mr. Harris's brother-in-law, C. C. Chapman, hunted the city over for the missing man yesterday and last night, but found no trace of him. Mr. Harris has been ill and nervous several weeks ago, and ordered him to go away and take a rest, and many of his friends believe that the merchant has started for some resort."

W. C. Harris is 35 years of age, weight about 150 pounds, blonde, smooth-shaven, with light gray eyes, dark hair, dark brown suit, gray fedora hat; carried a small gold watch with child's photograph in the case.

The police have notified all surrounding towns of Mr. Harris's disappearance.

OMAHA EXPOSITION.

No Postponement on Account of the War.

Rumors having been circulated in the city yesterday to the effect that the Omaha Exposition would be postponed on account of the war or for some other reason, George W. Parsons, vice-president of the Transmississippi Exposition for California, telegraphed to Omaha to ascertain the truth of the matter, and received the following reply:

"Report exposition postponed absolutely unfounded. Flattering prospects increase daily. Will open promptly on day and date advertised. Everything ready; something never known with like enterprises."

"JOHN WAKEFIELD, Secretary."

Willing to Repeat the Address.

Many people were unable to gain admission to the Los Angeles Theater last Sunday morning to hear the patriotic address delivered by Rev. Dr. Bates Howard. The suggestion was therefore made by a number of citizens that the address be repeated in Hazard's Pavilion for the benefit of the soldiers to be sent out from this region. Mr. Howard has signified his willingness to repeat the address if it seems advisable, deeming it a privilege to contribute in any way to the country's cause.

We take pleasure in announcing that we are now located in our new quarters, Nos. 509-511 South Main street, and are fully equipped for the handling of all orders. If you are in need of anything in our line, it will pay you to call and place your order. H. Raphael & Co.

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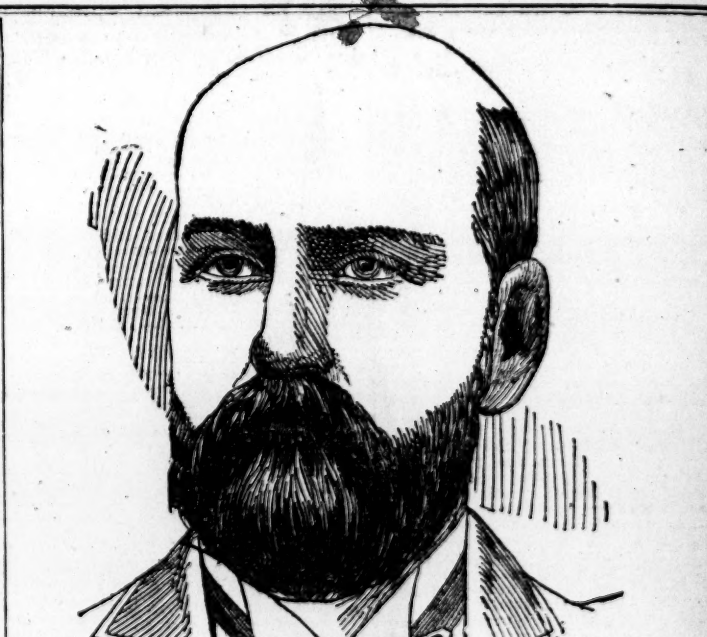
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